



WOMAN'S VOTE AND WOMAN'S NATURAL SPHERE

Some time ago a number of leading English women asked Rev. Carver a number of questions concerning the influence of woman's suffrage upon the conditions in Utah, moral and political, and the effect of woman's vote upon the women themselves.

The questions were of a nature that called for investigation along definite lines of political and moral influence. Some of the results of this investigation will be given Sunday night in the evening sermon in First Presbyterian church upon "The Woman in Her Natural Sphere and the Woman in Public Life."

BURGLARS SECURE \$4,000 IN DIAMONDS

Salt Lake, Sept. 20.—Diamonds estimated to be worth more than \$4,000 were stolen in a sensational burglary of the home of Mrs. Helen Dreyfus, 669 S. Main, between 9:30 and 10:30 o'clock Thursday night. Facts of the burglary were suppressed by the police until last night, when detectives received descriptions of diamond rings and ear drops said to contain some of the finest blue steel diamonds in Salt Lake. Mrs. Dreyfus says they represent a modest part of her collection of gems.

Principal items of the diamond robbery are two rings, each set with solitaire blue steel diamonds. These gems are said to be worth \$1,000 each. The ear drops, or pendants, which suspend seven diamonds each, are said to be worth between \$1,000 and \$1,200.

Putting away the gems about 9:30 o'clock Thursday Mrs. Dreyfus went to her drawing room to read. While reading she heard peculiar noises, but her book proved absorbing and she continued to read until 10:30 o'clock, when she left the drawing

room. Then she observed a window in her bed chamber where the diamonds were concealed had been thrown open.

On the floor lay a chair, overturned. Investigation revealed that the diamonds had been stolen. She informed police officials. The latter kept facts of the burglary to themselves and the description of the jewelry was not furnished the regular city sleuths until last night.

Other reports of burglaries and thefts have been pouring into the police station daily.

MUNICIPAL COURT

The following suits have been filed in the municipal court:
Eccles Lumber Co. vs. H. H. Goddard; suit \$52.75.
R. L. Polk & Co. vs. John J. McGregory; suit \$22.50.
The Slade Transfer Co. vs. Ohio Pottery & Glass Co.; suit \$43.95.
Sidney Stevens vs. Grant Meat Market; suit \$9.15.
Ogden Furniture & Carpet Co. vs. Mrs. N. J. Clapp; suit \$34.
Mrs. E. M. Hargis vs. James L. Chesnut alias George L. Chesnut; suit \$81.95.
R. T. Hume vs. F. W. Fretwell; suit \$28.83.
T. H. Carr vs. William Grogan; suit \$23.65.
R. & O. Quality Shop vs. Walter Borland; suit \$30.35.
Job Pingree vs. William Ward-Jelich; suit \$18.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Offices in the Commercial National Bank building will now be reached by the new entrance constructed through the lobby of the bank on Twenty-fourth street. (Adv.)

STEAMER OFF ROCKS.

New York, Sept. 20.—The passenger steamship Colon of the Panama Railway company's lines, bound for this port from Cristobal, Canal Zone, went ashore on Shrewsbury Rocks, one mile off Monmouth Beach, N. J., at 4 o'clock this morning. She was pulled off two hours later by a pilot boat at high tide. The Colon proceeded for New York, apparently undamaged.

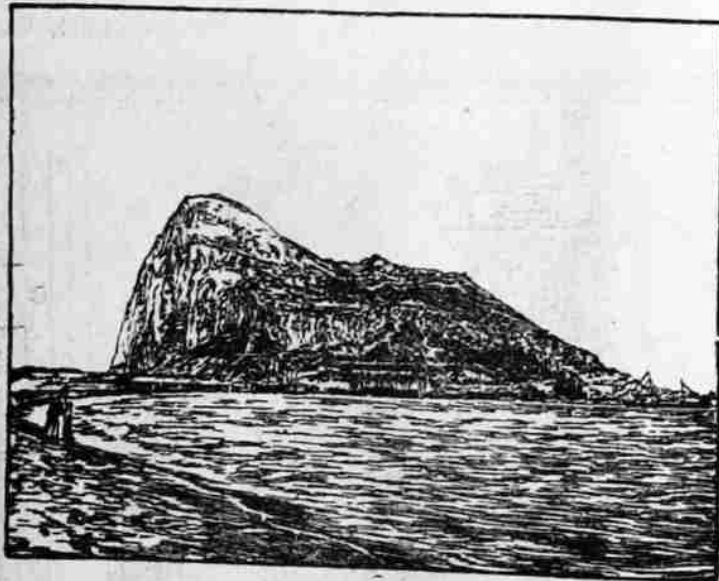
A girl 16 accepts love; a woman of 30 invites it.—Antoine Ricard.

SPAIN AND GIBRALTAR

"Learn One Thing Every Day"

No. 6. ROCK OF GIBRALTAR

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One night over two centuries ago a band of Spaniards crept up the rock of Gibraltar, led by a goatherd, to St. Michael's cave, where dawn overtook them, and where they remained all through the next day. As soon as darkness had fallen again they scaled the wall, surrounded the signal house, and in a few moments overpowered the guard. The British in the fortress never dreamed of danger so close at hand. Ropes and ladders were lowered stealthily over the precipice, and the Spaniards, feeling sure of victory, brought up several hundred men for the attack. If all had gone well, Gibraltar might have been in the hands of Spain again before sunrise; but some part of the work was clumsily done, for British sentries caught the alarm, and a body of grenadiers, hastily called together, rushed out upon their midnight assailants. Gibraltar was saved for the British. Some of the Spaniards they buried over the cliff, the rest surrendered and were taken prisoners.

The history of Gibraltar was for many centuries one of sieges and captures. The rock was first known to the Greeks and Romans as one of the pillars of Hercules; the other, Mt. Abyla, stands on the African shore. But at that period, when ships hardly sailed out of the Mediterranean, the "pillar" was unimportant to any great nation in war. It fell into the hands of Phoenicians, Romans, Carthaginians, and Visigoths at different periods in history. Tarik, landing there when he crossed from Africa into Spain, built a castle on the rock, which was therefore called Gebel-Tarik (Hill of Tarik), the original form of the name Gibraltar. It fell into the hands of England after the Spaniards and Moors had fought over it for centuries.

Once again, in the great siege that began in 1779 and lasted more than three years, England came dangerously near losing the fortress. Spain and France took advantage of British losses in America to open fire on the Mediterranean stronghold. After the garrison of over 500 men had been reduced to starvation, and only the bravery of General Elliot could keep them together, Gibraltar was bombarded from the mainland. Just when his command seemed lost under the strain of attack and of hardships endured so long, the Scotsman led his troops to the attack, and taking the much larger Spanish army by surprise, drove them back and burned their fortifications. Again Spain and France attacked from the sea, but Elliot burned their ships with red-hot cannonballs. The struggle was renewed from time to time all during the siege, until at last peace was proclaimed. General Elliot, returning home, was received with the highest military honors for his courage.

England has been offered all of Spain's possessions in Africa in exchange for the one great sterile rock; yet nothing will induce her to give up that hold on the gate of the Mediterranean.

Every day a different human interest story will appear in the Standard. You can get a beautiful large reproduction of the above picture, with five others, equally attractive, 7x13 inches in size, with this week's "Mentor." In "The Mentor" a well known picture and stories of the week. Read for a week, literature, history, science, and travel, and own exquisite pictures. On sale at Spargo's Book Store.

FIRST MEETING OF SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION

The first meeting this fall of the Sunday school union, the organization of the Sunday school workers of the various local schools, will be held in the Sunday school rooms of the First Methodist church at 8 p. m. Monday, September 22. Rev. Mr. Wittenberger will be in charge of the study, period and will give a review of Weigle's Pupil and Teacher, the book adopted as the text for this year's study.

This period will be followed by group conferences of the teachers and officers.

AMERICAN LAD TIES CHAMPIONS

Young Bostonian Proves an Equal With England's Professionals.

Brookline, Mass., Sept. 19.—An American youth—a stripling scarcely out of his teens—carved a niche for himself in international sporting history today. Francis Outimet tied with England's famous professional golfers, Harry Vardon and Edward Ray, in the final round of the American open championship. As the result of his exhibition of nerve and golfing skill, he will be America's sole representative in eighteen hole three-ball medal play off of the tie which exists tonight between the trio, each of whom turned in a card of 304 for 72 holes contested in the last two days.

Outimet's performance today lifted the nineteenth annual open tournament of the United States Golf association out of the usual classification accorded to a national championship and brought the contest to a standard little short of other international competitions. Of the half dozen home bred and transplanted professionals not one could keep pace with Ray and Vardon and all hope of retaining the titular honors appeared lost until Outimet was found making his lone stand mid rain and mud against the two older players.

When the spectators realized that in this home bred amateur, born and brought up on the edge of the country club course, rested America's chance of winning the championship, they lost that placid attitude that ordinarily marks the golf gallery and rooted and cheered Outimet in a manner typical at baseball and football games. The scenes that attended Outimet's march over the last four holes have been equaled on an American or European golf course.

Enthusiasm ran the gamut from despair to elation. When Outimet's second shot on the 18th hole landed dead on the edge of the home green 5,000 spectators massed themselves in a gigantic ring of breathless humanity about Outimet and his playing partner, George Sargent. The American youth needed to hole out in one to win and in two to tie. He gazed long down into the bowl where the cup lay, dried his hands and made a 35 foot putt that just missed the hole and rolled three feet beyond. A sigh arose from the crowd and all was still again. Outimet gently tapped the ball again. Sleepy and rolled to the edge of the hole, curled around the lip for an inch or so and then dropped in for the four which tied him with Ray and Vardon.

Instantly a tremendous yell went up. The gallery swept past the ropes and guards and closed in on Outimet in a solid phalanx. He was lifted to the shoulders of the advance guard and carried toward the clubhouse surrounded by several thousand cheering, yelling golfers who forgot their golf in the enthusiasm of being just Americans just cheering an American victory. Many, not realizing that Outimet was an amateur, thrust him of large denominations at him, only to be met with a smile and a shake of the head which took the sting out of the refusal made necessary by their mistake.

Outimet's great battle against the two Englishmen who were already tied with 304 before he had half finished his final round, was all the more praiseworthy because of the frightful weather conditions under which he was scheduled to play. It was raining heavily before the forenoon round was started and continued with but few lulls all day. The fair ways and greens were water-soaked. It was hard on the English players, but worse for the Americans since Ray and Vardon in particular have generally played matches under similar conditions.

BEN. E. RICH WILL BE BURIED SUNDAY

Salt Lake, Sept. 20.—The body of Ben E. Rich arrived in Salt Lake last night at 6 o'clock from New York. It was accompanied by Mrs. Rich, two sons, Dr. Lorin F. and Don O. Rich, and a sister-in-law, Mrs. Laura Rich. After being first taken to the rooms

of the Larkin-Hull Undertaking company, the casket was removed to the home of Mrs. Rich's sister, Mrs. John Henry Smith, 23 North West Temple street.

The body will lie in state at the home of Mrs. Smith until 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, and may be viewed between the hours of 2 and 5 o'clock this afternoon and 2 and 3 o'clock tomorrow. Funeral services will be held in the tabernacle at 3 o'clock tomorrow, and interment will be in the City cemetery.

RAILROAD BUILDER OF CANADA DEAD

Montreal, Quebec, Sept. 20.—James Ross, millionaire railroad builder, died here today of heart disease after a two-weeks' illness. He was 65 years old.

Colonel Ross was one of the dwindling group of railroad builders, whose names were linked with the construction of the Canadian Pacific. He was born in Scotland, came to America in 1868 when he was 20 years old, was identified in his early career with the Wisconsin Central, and on coming to Canada was appointed first chief engineer and afterwards general manager of the Victoria railroad.

At the age of 35, Colonel Ross was entrusted with the difficult task of building the Canadian Pacific west of Winnipeg. Two years later he had completed the line over the Rocky mountains, Selkirk, and the Gold Range.

On completion of this task, he was given the contract for the remaining portion of the line and built it. During the last 20 years Colonel Ross was interested primarily in traction, power and mining operations.

NAMING CHILDREN AFTER PRESIDENT

Washington, Sept. 20.—Of the many children named after President Woodrow Wilson, probably none can boast the hardihood of a little Eskimo boy, who was carried a mile in a temperature of thirty degrees below zero to be christened.

The Rev. Dr. Charles L. Thompson, secretary of the board of home missions of the Presbyterian church, wrote in a letter received by President Wilson that "a baby endowed with that name who at two weeks of age could stand such a trip should do well in the world."

Mr. Thompson enclosed a report from the Rev. D. W. Cram at Point Barrow, Alaska, the most northern mission of the church, in which Dr. Cram wrote:

"Doubtless there are many other little Woodrows scattered throughout the country by this time, but if this one at the farthest north doesn't hold the record for the earliest public christening, climatic conditions taken into account, I am very much mistaken."

HIT BULL'S-EYE.

Newport, R. I., Sept. 20.—Two center hits made with Whitehead torpedoes at 3,000 yards while running 12 feet under the surface of the sea, is the remarkable record reported by the United States submarine E-1 on its return from target practice in Gardner's Bay.

During Wednesday's practice, the E-1, under command of Lieutenant Louis D. Causey, while running submerged at full speed, discharged both of her 18-inch torpedoes at a ten-foot moving target. Both of the hits were bull's-eyes.

THE WORLD'S MARKET NEWS

WALL STREET
New York, Sept. 20.—Quotations drifted downward on the first transactions today. Union Pacific was the only active stock to open above yesterday's close and it quickly gave way until it showed a loss of a point. There was active selling of Reading, Steel, Southern Pacific, all of which were set back by substantial fractions. Canadian Pacific dropped 1-8, Rock Island was again under pressure and dropped a point to 14 1-2, a new low record for the movement.

The market closed firm. Speculation languished during the day's brief session. The holiday in London cut off the chance of leadership from that source and at home traders saw nothing in the situation to provide a fresh impulse. Bears were not inclined to follow up the advantage gained at the opening when they forced down Rock Island to a new low price for the movement and unsettled the pacific. Attempts to get back stock revealed the character of the selling, the market apparently being bare of actual stock.

By the time the average had been restored to yesterday's closing level, interest in the market had vanished. The only feature of financial importance was the sharp recovery in Sterling exchange rates, demand bills jumping 25 points to near \$4.85. Scarcity of cotton and grain bills and preparation for remitting funds to meet the interest and dividend payments due abroad caused the rise. Bonds were easy.

Omaha Livestock.

South Omaha, Sept. 20.—Cattle—Receipts 100. Market steady. Native steers, \$7.40@9.30; cows and heifers, \$6.00@7.50; western steers, \$6.25@8.25; Texas steers, \$5.75@7.25; range cows and heifers, \$5.60@7.00; calves, \$5.75@9.25.

Hogs—Receipts 3500. Market high. Heavy, \$7.85@9.05; light, \$8.00@8.55; pigs, \$6.00@7.50; bulk of sales, \$7.95@8.65.

Sheep—Receipts 100. Market steady. Yearlings, \$5.25@5.75; wethers, \$4.00@4.65; lambs, \$6.60@7.30.

Chicago Livestock.
Chicago, Sept. 20.—Hogs—Receipts 10,000. Market steady to a shade higher. Pigs 25 to 50 cents lower. Bulk, \$8.05@8.70; lights, \$8.40@9.15; mixed, \$7.85@9.12 1-2; heavy, \$7.70@8.95; rough, \$7.75@7.95; pigs, \$3.75@8.00.

Cattle—Receipts 400. Market steady. Beef steers, \$6.85@9.30; Texas steers, \$6.90@8.00; western steers, \$6.20@8.25; stockers and feeders, \$5.40@8.00; cows and heifers, \$3.90@8.75; calves, \$8.75@11.75.

Sheep—Receipts 1000. Market steady. Native, \$3.50@4.75; western, \$2.75@4.85; yearlings, \$4.75@5.85; lambs, native, \$5.65@7.40; western, \$5.85@7.45.

Kansas City Livestock.
Kansas City, Sept. 20.—Hogs—Receipts 1000. Market steady. Bulk, \$8.15@8.60; heavy, \$8.00@8.50; packers and butchers, \$8.20@8.70; lights, \$8.15@8.60; pigs, \$5.50@7.00.

Cattle—Receipts 300. Market steady. Prime beef steers, \$8.75@9.30; dressed beef steers, \$7.75@8.75; western steers, \$6.75@8.50; southern steers, \$6.00@8.50; cows, \$4.25@7.00; heifers, \$5.00@9.00; stockers and feeders, \$5.50@8.25; bulls, \$4.50@6.50; calves, \$6.00@9.50.

Sheep—Receipts 500. Market steady. Lambs, \$6.50@7.20; yearlings, \$4.75@5.25; wethers, \$4.25@4.75; ewes, \$3.75@4.25; stockers and feeders, \$3.00@6.50.

Chicago Grain.
Chicago, Sept. 20.—Firmness of cables today helped to hold the wheat market steady and Canadian offers were said to be tighter. There were continued favorable crop advices from Australia and Argentina. The opening was unchanged to 1-8c lower. A reaction to slightly above yesterday's close followed.

Wet weather that threatened to delay the movement of the crop from the farms had a strengthening effect on the corn market. Prices started unchanged to 3-8c higher and made some additional gain.

Smallness of offerings allowed oats to rise with corn. The range, however, was narrow. Demand for provisions seemed to be fully balanced by supplies. Quotations averaged about where they left off yesterday.

Chicago, Sept. 20.—Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 93 3-4@92 1-2; No. 3 red, 90@92c; No. 2 hard, 88 3-4@89 1-4; No. 3 hard, 88@91-2c; No. 3 northern, 90@91 1-2; No. 3 northers, 88@90c; No. 2 spring, 90@91c; No. 3 spring, 87@89c; velvet chaff, 86@90 1-2; durum, 86@91c. Corn—No. 2, 75 1-2@76c; No. 2 white, 75 1-2@76c; No. 3 yellow, 75 1-4@76c; No. 3, 75@84c; No. 3 white

75 1-4@76c; No. 3 yellow, 75 1-4@76c; No. 2 white, 43 1-2; No. 3 white, 41 3-4@42 3-4c; standard, 43 1-4c.
Rye—No. 2, 87 1-2c.
Barley—60@82c.
Timothy, \$3.75@5.30. Clover, \$9.00@11.25. Pork, \$22.00. Lard, \$11.15@11.17 1-2. Ribs, \$10.37 1-2@11.25.

Money.
New York, Sept. 20.—Money on call nominal; no loans; time loans steady, 60 days, 4 1-4@4 1-2 per cent; 90 days, 4 3-4 per cent; six months, 5@5 1-4 per cent.

Prime mercantile paper, 5 3-4@6 per cent; sterling exchange strong, \$4.82 15 for 60 days, \$4.85 90 for demand, commercial bills, \$4.81 3-4.
Bar silver, 61 3-8c.
Mexican dollars, 46 3-4c.
Government bonds, steady; railroad bonds easy.

Sugar.
New York, Sept. 20.—Sugar—Raw, steady; muscovado, \$31.17; centrifugal, \$3.67; molasses, \$2.92; refined, quiet.

Metals.
New York, Sept. 20.—The metal markets were quiet and practically nominal. Lake copper, \$17.00; electrolytic, \$16.87 1-2@17.00; casting, \$16.82 1-2@16.75.
Iron—Unchanged.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper, 78.
American Beet Sugar, 27 7-8.
American Cotton Oil, 42 3-4.
American Smelting & Refg., 67 3-4.
American Sugar Refining, 112.
American Tel. & Tel., 131 1-4.
Anaconda Mining Co., 35 1-2.
Atlantic Coast Line, 123 1-4.
Baltimore & Ohio, 95 1-2.
Brooklyn Rapid Transit, 89 1-8.
Canadian Pacific, 232.
Chesapeake & Ohio, 59 1-2.
Chicago & North Western, 130 1-4.
Colorado Fuel & Iron, 33.
Delaware & Hudson, 150 1-2.
Denver & Rio Grande, 20.
Erie, 29 1-2.
General Electric, 147.
General Electric, 147.
Great Northern pfd., 128 3-8.
Illinois Central, 110.
Interborough-Met., 15 5-8.
Interborough-Met. pfd., 61.
Inter. Harvester, 108 1-4.
Louisville & Nashville, 135 1-2.
Missouri Pacific, 29 1-8.
Missouri, Kansas & Texas, 22.

Lehigh Valley, 159.
National Lead, 47 1-2.
New York Central, 95 5-8.
Norfolk & Western, 106.
Northern Pacific, 114.
Pennsylvania, 112 5-8.
Pullman Palace Car, 152 1-2.
People's Gas, 125.
Rock Island Co., 14 3-4.
Reading, 168 7-8.
Rock Island Co. pfd., 22 3-4.
Southern Pacific, 93 1-4.
Southern Railway, 24 1-2.
Union Pacific, 159 1-2.
United States Steel, 64 3-8.
United States Steel pfd., 109 1-4.
Wabash, 4 1-2.
Western Union, 65 3-4.

BANK STATEMENT

New York, Sept. 20.—The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they held \$10,657,550 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of \$5,226,700 from last week.

Actual conditions:
Loans, \$1,943,833,000; decrease, \$9,885,000.
Specie, \$336,335,000; increase, \$5,427,000.

Legal tenders, \$78,044,000; decrease, \$1,999,000.
Net deposits, \$1,788,619,000; decrease, \$6,875,000.

Circulation, \$45,114,000; decrease, \$210,000.
Banks cash reserve in vault, \$345,925,000.

Trust companies' cash reserve in vault, \$65,454,000.
Aggregate cash reserve, \$414,379,000.

Excess lawful reserve, \$10,657,550; increase, \$5,226,700.
Trust companies' reserve with clearing house members carrying 25 per cent cash reserve, \$50,654,000.

Summary of state banks and trust companies in Greater New York not included in clearing house statement:
Loans, \$561,083,500; increase, \$9,500,000.

Specie, \$62,654,300; increase, \$165,500.
Legal tenders, \$8,005,300; increase, \$48,100.

Total deposits, \$622,030,500; increase, \$5,738,500.

MONEY IN WHEAT

\$10.00 buys puts or calls on 10,000 bushels of wheat. No Further Risk. A movement of 5c from price gives you chance to take \$500.00; 4c \$400.00; 3c \$300.00. Write for particulars. The Central Stock & Grain Co. Park Bldg., Cleveland, O.

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Strikingly different, the many new models in coats, suits and dresses offer a most pleasing selection to choose from.

The graceful lines—the beautiful fabrics—the charming models—all combine to make this store the place to come for your Fall apparel.

BURTS'



THE DAILY WALK.

In order to enjoy this walk one's feet must be comfortable. The

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will be a revelation to you in fit, style and service. You have no idea how much pleasure and genuine satisfaction is contained in this famous line of shoes for men. If you already wear PACKARDS we know you are satisfied. If not, get in line now.



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